# Omak

Designed by the Berroco Design Team / Skill level: Intermediate



FINISHED MEASUREMENTS Lower edge: Approximately (46, 49)" / (115, 122.5) cm around Neck: Approximately (29, 32)" / (72.5, 80) cm around Length: (19, 20)" / (47.5, 50) cm Shown in size 46" / 115 cm.

YARN

BERROCO ARTESIA (100 grs): 1 hank #4807 Quince BERROCO ULTRA WOOL CHUNKY (100 grs): (2, 3) balls #43118 Marjoram

**NEEDLES and NOTIONS** 32" / 80 cm circular needle, size 15 / 10 mm or size to obtain gauge Spare circular needle, size 15 or smaller Waste yarn for provisional cast-on Tapestry needle

#### **GAUGE**

10 sts and 18 rows = 4" / 10 cm in Garter St with Artesia and Ultra Wool Chunky held together To save time and ensure accurate measurements, take time to check gauge.

# Berroco Artesia™

Find this Yarn 🕒



Find this Yarn





We recommend using yarns called for in our instructions. Every effort has been made to ensure that directions contained in this book are accurate and complete, however errors do occur. We cannot be responsible for variance of individual knitters, human or typographical errors.

All pattern PDFs are updated when corrections are made. In the event of finding an error, please make sure you've downloaded the most recent version.

#### NOTE

Artesia and Ultra Wool Chunky are worked together throughout. The shoulders of this capelet are shaped using short rows. When working these rows, you will work part way across a row, then turn and work back, leaving some stitches unworked. Traditional w&t has been omitted due to the heavy weight of the yarn.

#### **CAPELET**

Using provisional cast-on, with 1 strand each of Artesia and Ultra Wool Chunky held together, cast on (49, 51) sts. \* Knit 17 (19) rows. Mark last row as WS row.

**Short Rows: Short Row 1:** Knit (30, 32), turn; slip the first stitch WYIF as if to purl then knit to end of row.

Knit 2 rows.

**Short Row 2:** Knit (29, 31), turn; sl 1 wyif, knit to end of row. Knit 2 rows.

**Short Row 3:** Knit (28, 30), turn; sl 1 wyif, knit to end of row. Knit 2 rows.

**Short Row 4:** Knit (27, 29), turn; sl 1 wyif, knit to end of row. Knit 2 rows.

**Short Row 5:** Knit (26, 28), turn; sl 1 wyif, knit to end of row. Knit 2 rows.

**Short Row 6:** Knit (25, 27), turn; sl 1 wyif, knit to end of row.

**Short Row 7:** Knit (24, 26), turn; sl 1 wyif, knit to end of row. Knit 2 rows.

**Short Row 8:** Knit (23, 25), turn; sl 1 wyif, knit to end of row. Knit 2 rows.

**Short Row 9:** Rep Short Row 7.

Knit 2 rows.

Short Row 10: Rep Short Row 6.

Knit 2 rows.

Short Row 11: Rep Short Row 5.

Knit 2 rows.

Short Row 12: Rep Short Row 4.

Knit 2 rows.

Short Row 13: Rep Short Row 3.

Knit 2 rows.





Short Row 14: Rep Short Row 2.

Knit 2 rows.

**Short Row 15:** Rep Short Row 1.

Knit (17, 19) rows. Rep from \* once more, end on WS. Break off yarn leaving a very long end, and leaving stitches on needle.

### **FINISHING**

Unravel provisional cast-on and slip stitches to spare needle. Thread long end of yarn into tapestry needle and, holding stitches with WS facing each other, graft edges together using Kitchener St. Weave in all ends and block as desired.



## STANDARD ABBREVIATIONS & TERMS

beg: beginning CC: contrasting color

CDD: Centered Double Decrease—Slip 2 together (as if to

k2tog), knit 1, pass the 2 slipped stitches over

cn: cable needle dec: decrease

dpn(s): double pointed needle(s)

end on WS: end having just completed a Wrong Side row. end on RS: end having just completed a Right Side row Garter St: Knit EVERY row when working back and forth in rows. Knit 1 round, purl 1 round when working in the round.

inc: increase k: knit

**k tbl:** knit through the back loop(s) k2tog: knit 2 stitches together k3tog: knit 3 stitches together

**kfb**: knit in the front and back of the next st

LH: left hand

LLI: Left Lifted Increase—Insert LH needle into the purl bump one row below the st just worked on the RH needle and knit into this st (1 st inc'd)

M1: Make 1—Pick up horizontal strand between stitch just worked and next stitch from front to back, place on left hand needle, knit this stitch through the back (1 stitch increased).

M1L: Make 1 Left—Work as for M1.

M1p: Make 1 purl—Pick up horizontal strand between stitch just worked and next stitch from front to back, place on left hand needle, purl this stitch through the back (1 stitch increased).

M1pL: Make 1 purl Left—Work as for M1p.

M1pR: Make 1 purl Right—Pick up horizontal strand between stitch just worked and next stitch from back to front, place on left hand needle, purl this stitch through the front (1 stitch increased).

M1R: Make 1 Right—Pick up horizontal strand between stitch just worked and next stitch from back to front, place on left hand needle, knit this stitch through the front (1 stitch increased).

MC: main color

p: purl

**p tbl:** purl through the back loop(s) p2tog: purl 2 stitches together p3tog: purl 3 stitches together

pat(s): pattern(s) pm: place marker

psso: pass slipped stitch over knit stitch

rep: repeat

Rev St st: Reverse Stockinette Stitch—Purl 1 row, knit 1 row alternately when working back and forth in rows. The purl side is the right side of the work. Purl EVERY round when working in the round.

RH: right hand

RLI: Right Lifted Increase—Insert RH needle into the purl bump of the next st on the LH needle and knit into this st (1

st inc'd) rnd(s): round(s) RS: right side sl: slip

sm: slip marker

SSK: Slip 2 stitches knitwise, insert point of left hand needle through fronts of these 2 stitches and knit 2 together. SSP: Slip 2 stitches knitwise, transfer these 2 stitches back to left hand needle, purl 2 together through the back loops. SSSK: Slip 3 stitches knitwise, insert point of left hand

needle through fronts of these 3 stitches and knit 3 together.

st(s): stitch(es)

St st: Stockinette Stitch—Knit 1 row, purl 1 row alternately when working back and forth in rows. The knit side is the right side of work. Knit EVERY round when working in the round.

tbl: through back loop(s)

w&t: wrap and turn, a method of concealing a hole created in short row shaping. On RS rows: With yarn held in front, slip next stitch purlwise, then bring yarn between needles to the back. Slip that same stitch back to the left needle. Turn your work. On WS Rows: With yarn held in back, slip next stitch purlwise, then bring yarn between needles to the front. Slip that same stitch back to the left needle. Turn your work. Unless otherwise indicated, each time you come to a wrapped stitch when working subsequent rows, slip the wrap back over stitch and onto needle, then work the wrap together with its accompanying stitch.

WS: wrong side

wyib: with yarn in back wyif: with yarn in front

yo: yarn over















